

MAINTENANCE- AND ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS PNCE ELECTRIC CYLINDER

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GENERAL INFORMATION



It is important to read this instruction manual before handling the product. Otherwise the electric cylinder might get damaged.



Some detailed information, which is not presented in this document, can be found in our catalogue UNIMOTION Electric cylinder PNCE.



Link to the catalogue Unimotion **Electric cylinder PNCE**

Used symbols



Warning!

Danger! Risk of coming into contact with power conducting parts! Cut off the power supply! Tightening torque

For more information see the catalogue

Use different tightening torques as are presented in Table 1 (page 1)

In this Instruction manual, **PNCE** represents abbreviation for the electric cylinder with a precision ball screw drive.

Recommended tightening torques for screws

8.8	M2	M2,5	М3	M4	M5	M6	M8	M10	M12
M _{A, max} [Nm]	0,4	0,7	1,3	2,8	5,6	9,6	23	45	74
Table 1: Percommanded tightening targues for screws of strength class 9.9									

Table 1: Recommended tightening torques for screws of strength class 8.8.

GENERAL SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

To ensure the right functionality of the electric cylinder - PNCE, it must be handled with care. It is not allowed to put any tools or any other items which can cause damage to the electric cylinder on the electric cylinder.

The electric cylinder must be protected against any liquid that can cause damage to it.

The electric cylinder - PNCE with IP65 protection class fulfils the specifications to IEC 60 529.

For information on the conditions in which the electric cylinder can operate please see section **Operating conditions** or contact us. If the electric cylinder isn't in use, place it in a dry, clean environment and cover it to prevent any damage.

Safe operation

The electric cylinder must not be put into service until the final machinery into which it is installed has been declared in conformity with the provisions of the Machinery Directive, where appropriate.

Each operation of the electric cylinder that is not in compliance with its intended use can lead to the product being damaged, or can

cause accidents and at the same time stoppages in production. To ensure a safe operation please refer to this Instruction Manual and the operating manual of other machinery where the electric cylinder is to be incorporated.

The electric cylinder satisfies the requirements of the EC Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC according to the European or national standards of Safety of machinery:

EN ISO12100-1 EN ISO 12100-2



Checking the electric cylinder

In accordance with the EU Health and Safety Directive 89/655/EEC Article 4a, the operating company must subject the unit (cylinder) to thorough checking prior to putting it into operation; after carrying out repairs, and after malfunctions have occurred.

Requirements for personnel

The electric cylinder may only be installed, operated, maintained, repaired or dismantled by appropriately qualified personnel in accordance with the specification User manual. All qualified personnel must have read and understood this Instruction manual.



Modification of the electric cylinder

The electric cylinder must not be modified without our written consent. Any such unauthorized modification will make void our liability in respect of the unit (cylinder). The operating company may only carry out the maintenance and repair work detailed in this Instruction manual.

Labels and notices

All notices and labels attached to the electric cylinder must be fully visible and must not be removed. They must ensure compliance with all the instructions contained on them. Damaged or illegible notices and labels must be replaced.

Warranty

The warranty conditions are laid down in the terms and conditions of delivery and payment issued at the time of order. Warranty cover will be annulled if:

- · the electric cylinder is not operated in accordance with the stipulated regulation use;
- · the instructions set out in this operating manual are not followed;
- · the electric cylinder is modified without the consent of the manufacturers;
- the screws sealed by locking varnish are unlocked.

The manufacturer's warranty in respect of maintenance and repair work applies only if original replacement parts are used.

OPERATING CONDITIONS

Operating temperature	0°C ~ +60°C
Protection class	IP40, IP65
Duty cycle	100 %



In case of special operating conditions, please contact us.



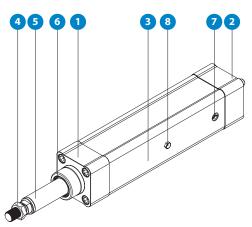
For the values of the maximum permissible axial load, lateral load, drive torque, travel and rotational speed and acceleration please see our catalogue UNIMOTION Electric cylinder PNCE.



Overloading the electric cylinder can lead to the product being damaged.

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Standard version (S)*



- 1 Front cap
- 2 Drive cap
- 3 Smooth cylinder profile
- 4 Hex nut
- 5 Piston rod (stainless steel) with an anti-rotation device
- 6 Piston rod seal
- 7 Pressure compensation
- 8 Lubrication nipple
- * IP40 protection class

Figure 1: Structural design of the standard version of the PNCE.

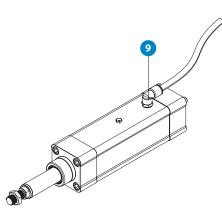


Figure 2: Structural design of the IP65 version of the PNCE.

IP65 protection class (IP65)



The appropriate sealing of the external parts ensures the electric cylinder the IP65 protection class. The IP65 protection class of the electric cylinder fulfils the specifications to IEC 60 529. The connection for pressure compensation in the cylinder profile ensures the exchange of air between the interior of the cylinder and the environment. This prevents the occurrence of excess pressure or negative pressure inside the electric cylinder. It also protects the interior of the cylinder from the external media like dust and water.

IP65 protection class with high corrosion resistance (IP65CR)



It offers high corrosion resistance in harsh environments. The version IP65CR includes all the features of the electric cylinder version IP65. In addition to ensuring high corrosion resistance all the external parts are corrosion resistant (e.g. the connection for pressure compensation, lubrication nipple, and the connection elements are made of stainless steel). More information about materials is available upon request in the extended material information list.

For applications in the food industry (FI)



The version FI includes all the features of the electric cylinder version IP65CR. It is upgraded by materials suitable for some applications in the food industry. The cylinder is greased with a lubricant class NSF H1. The design with the smooth surfaces of the aluminium profile enables its quick and effective cleaning. During the cleaning the sealing air can be applied to the connection for pressure compensation. The use for the food & beverage industry is limited by the materials of the electric cylinder. More information about materials is available upon request in the extended material information list.

9 - Connection for pressure compensation

Identification label and additional or replacement parts of the electric cylinder

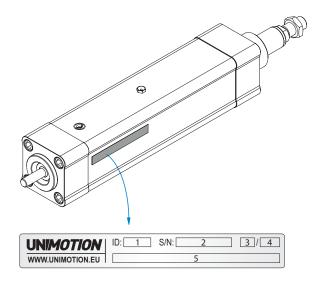


Figure 3: Identification label of the electric cylinder.

- 1 ID number
- 2 Serial number
- 3 No load torque [Nm]
- 4 Axial backlash [mm]
- 5 Type of electric cylinder (ordering code)



In case of ordering additional or replacement parts for the electric cylinder all data must be given from the identification label.



The label must be fully visible and must ensure compliance with all the instructions it contains. Damaged or illegible labels must be replaced.

HANDLING THE ELECTRIC CYLINDER

The electric cylinder is carefully packed for its safe transportation.

To correctly carry of the electric cylinder, please take into consideration the following handling instructions:

- during carrying, the piston rod must be retracted, see Figure 4 1,
- the electric cylinder must only be lifted by the cylinder profile or by the front cap (using the eye bolts), see Figure 4 $1 \rightarrow 6$, during carrying, the electric cylinder must be prevented from swinging, see Figure 4 4,

- the electric cylinder must never be lifted by the piston rod or by the drive cap only (since the ball screw drive is not self-locking), see Figure 4 - **6** and **7**.

A suitable lifting tool for transporting of the electric cylinder is needed. Always lift and carry the electric cylinder by the cylinder profile or by the front cap. Prevent the electrical cylinder from dropping.

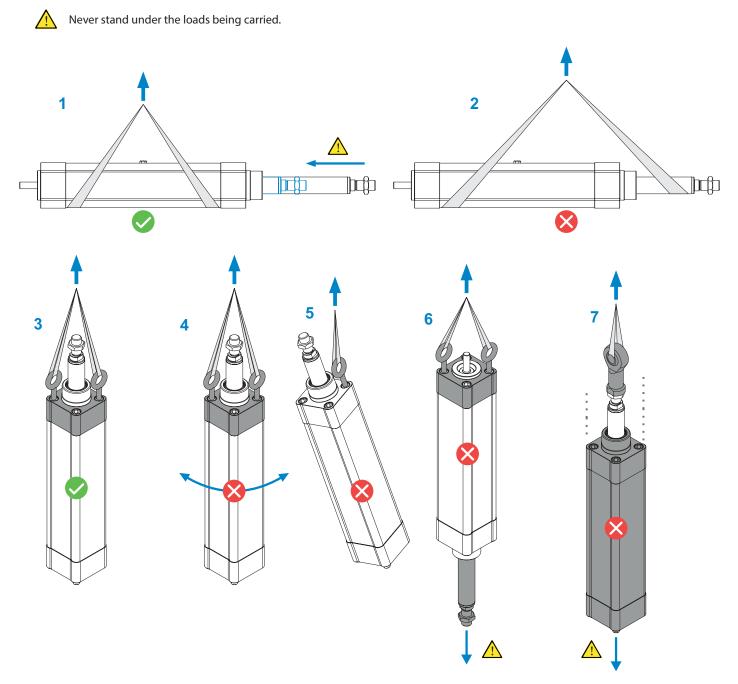


Figure 4: Carrying the electric cylinder.

The weight of the electric cylinder should be calculated in order to choose the suitable lifting tool for transporting the electric cylinder.
For the weight calculations, please refer to the catalogue UNIMOTION Electric cylinder PNCE.



Storing the electric cylinder

The electric cylinder needs to be stored in a dry place and protected against corrosion. Make sure that there is no danger of the electric cylinder getting damaged.

MOUNTING

The electric cylinder can be mounted as follows (see figure 5):

- 1 by the front cap
- 2 by the piston rod
- 3 by the drive cap and motor adapter VK
- 4 by the motor side drive MSD
- 5 by the cylinder profile

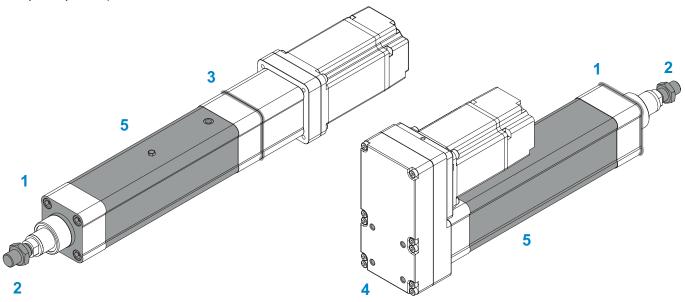


Figure 5: Mounting options.

A

The electric cylinder can be installed in any orientation using a suitable combination of mounting attachments.



When the electrical cylinder is installed vertically or in an inclined position, prevent the piston rod from dropping due to the no self-locking effect of the ball screw drive, Figure 6. To avoid dropping the piston rod it is advisable to install a suitable motor with a holding brake.

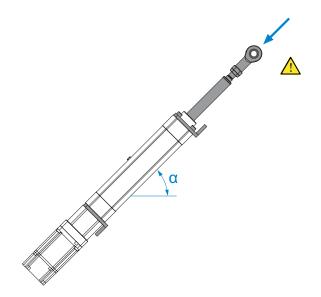


Figure 6: Dropping of the piston rod.

6 UNIMOTION

UNIMOTION 7

Accessories - overview

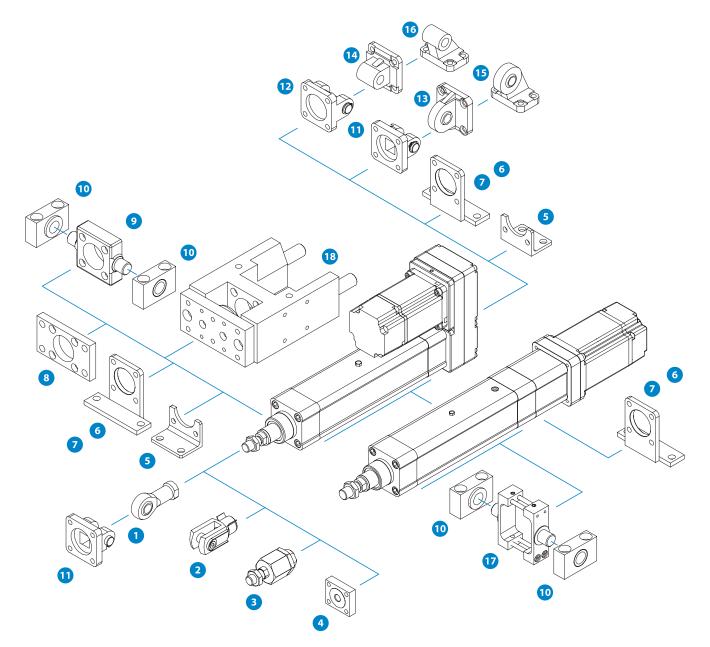


Figure 7: Accessories - overview

Page		13			14			15			16			17		1	8	19
Piston rod accessories	1	2	3	4														
Mounting attachment accessories					5	6	7	8	9	10	1	12	13	14	15	16	17	
Guiding unit																		18

Table 2: Accessories - overview



For information about materials, dimensions and the maximum permissible loads of the accessories, see the catalogue UNIMOTION Electric cylinder PNCE.

Mounting accessories are not pre-assembled to the electrical cylinder in the factory before shipment.

Permissible loads

For the values of the maximum permissible axial load, lateral load, drive torque, travel and rotational speed and acceleration please see our catalogue UNIMOTION Electric cylinder PNCE.



Overloading the electric cylinder can lead to the product being damaged.

The piston rod must not be subjected to torsional moment. In the case of the presence of any torsional loads, the GUH guiding unit might be used, see Figure 8.

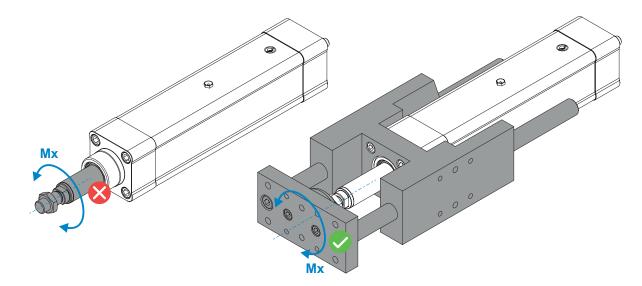


Figure 8: Piston rod subjected to torsional moment Mx.



In the case of mounting the piston rod accessories (see Table 2) the piston rod must not be subjected to torsion when tightening and loosening the hex nut.

In order to avoid torsion, use one wrench to hold the piston rod accessory in proper position, then tighten or loosen the hex nut with the second wrench, see Figure 9.

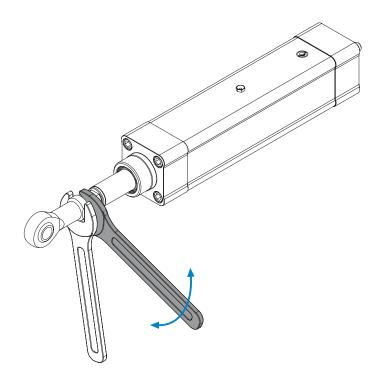


Figure 9: Tightening and loosening the hex nut to mount the piston rod accessory.



In the case of the ZKCE mounting attachment accessory, different tightening torques for the screws as are presented in Table 1, must be used, see Figure 10.



For tightening torques for the screws of the ZKCE mounting attachment accessory see the catalogue UNIMOTION Electric cylinder PNCE.

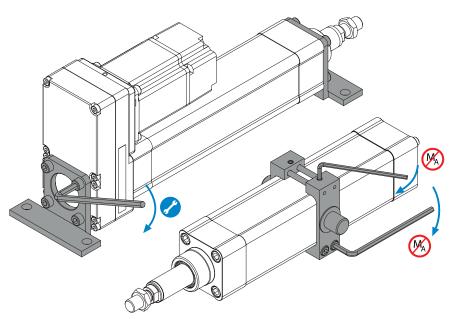
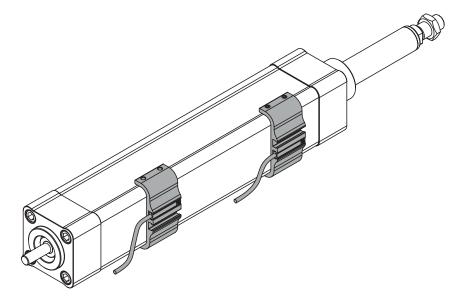


Figure 10: Tightening the screws of the mounting attachment accessories.



MAGNETIC FIELD SENSOR - REED SWITCH



STEP 1 and 2

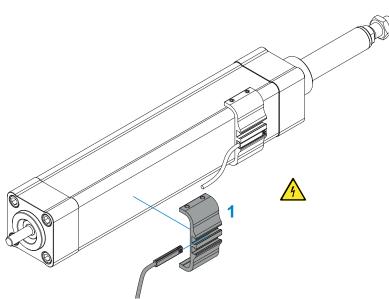


Figure 11: Step 1 and 2.

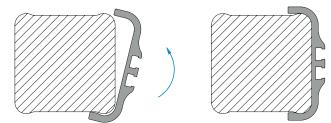


Figure 12: Placing the sensor holder on the electric cylinder profile.

STEP 1: The magnetic field sensor must first be mounted on the sensor holder **1**.

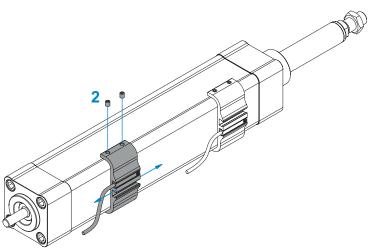
Tighten the screw of the magnetic field sensor - REED switch with a tightening torque of max. 0,6 Nm.

STEP 2: Place the sensor holder **1** together with the magnetic field sensor on the electric cylinder profile, see Figure 12.

- For INFO about slots and dimensions of the sensor holder **1** see catalogue UNIMOTION Electric cylinder PNCE.
- **1** The sensor holder can be placed on both sides of the electric cylinder profile.



STEP 3 and 4



STEP 3: Adjust the sensor holder **1** together with the magnetic field sensor to the desired position. The positions of the magnets can be found in Table 3.

STEP 4: Tighten the screws of the sensor holder **2** (with a tightening torque of max. 1,0 Nm) to clamp the sensor holder **1** onto the electric cylinder profile.

Figure 13: Step 3 and 4.

PNCE	Position of t [m	LP [mm]	
32	Piston rod position + 63,0	LP - E + 55,0	Piston rod position + E + 8,0
40	Piston rod position + 75,0	LP - E + 65,0	Piston rod position + E + 10,0
50	Piston rod position + 98,0	LP - E + 86,0	Piston rod position + E + 12,0
63	Piston rod position + 86,0	LP - E + 74,0	Piston rod position + E + 12,0
80	Piston rod position + 109,0	LP - E + 94,0	Piston rod position + E + 15,0
100	Piston rod position + 114,0	LP - E + 97,0	Piston rod position + E + 17,0
100 BS 4040	Piston rod position + 129,0	LP - E + 112,0	Piston rod position + E + 17,0

Table 3: Position of the magnets.

E Extended piston rod [mm]

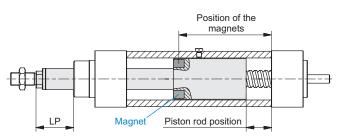


Figure 14: Position of the magnets.

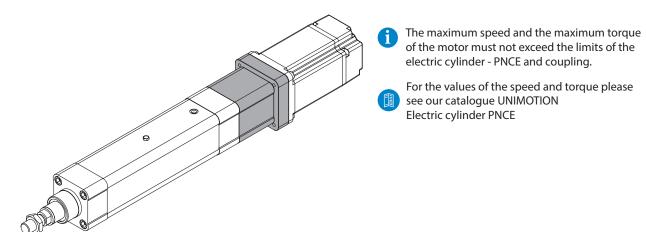
The position of the magnets can be calculated using the Piston rod position or distance LP, see Figure 14.

0 mm ≤ Piston rod position ≤ Absolute stroke

1

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MOTOR ADAPTER WITH COUPLING





Parts list

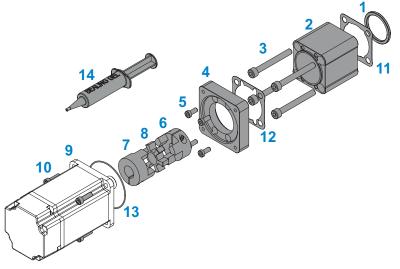


Figure 15: Parts list.

- 1 Centring ring
- 2 Motor adapter housing
- 3 The motor adapter housing screw
- 4 Motor flange
- 5 The motor flange screw
- 6 Hub 1
- 7 Hub 2
- 8 Elastomer insert
- 9 Motor
- 10 The motor screw
- 11 Seal of the PNCE
- 12 The motor flange seal
- 13 The motor O ring seal
- 14 Sealing gel

elastomer coupling

seals for the IP65CR protection

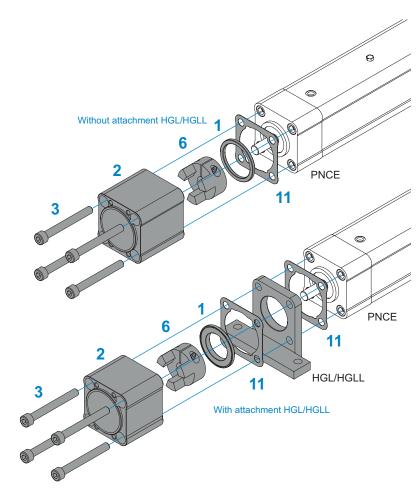


Figure 16: Step 1, 2 and 3.

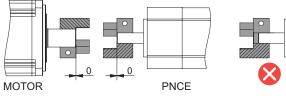


Figure 17: Coupling hubs and journals alignment.

STEP 1 (without attachment HGL/HGLL): In the case of the IP65CR protection the seal of the PNCE **11** must be placed on the drive cap of the electric cylinder - PNCE.

The centring ring **1** must be fitted on the drive cap of the electric cylinder - PNCE.

STEP 1 (with attachment HGL/HGLL): In the case of the IP65CR protection the seal of the PNCE **11** must be placed on the electric cylinder - PNCE drive cap. The attachment HGL/HGLL must be fitted on the drive cap of the electric cylinder - PNCE.

In the case of IP65CR protection the seal of the PNCE **11** must be placed on the attachment HGL/HGLL. The centring ring **1** must be fitted on the attachment HGL/HGLL.

Some motor adapters don't have the centring ring **1**.

STEP 2: Place the coupling hub 1 **6** on the drive journal of the PNCE.

Ensure that the coupling hub 1 **6** and the drive journal of the PNCE are correctly aligned, see Figure 17. Tighten the coupling hub screw 1 **6** with the coupling tightening torque.

For the coupling tightening torque please refer to our catalogue UNIMOTION Electric cylinder PNCE.

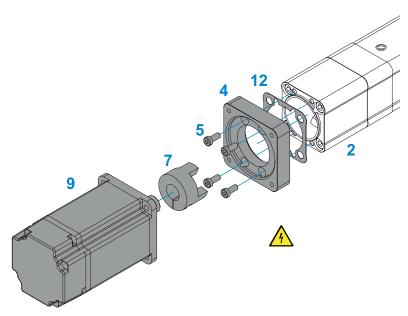
STEP 3 (without attachment HGL/HGLL): Mount the motor adapter housing **2** on the drive cap of the PNCE using the screws of the motor adapter housing **3**.

STEP 3 (with attachment HGL/HGLL): Mount the motor adapter housing **2** on the attachment HGL/HGLL using the screws of the motor adapter housing **3**.



For the tightening torques for the screws please refer to Table 1.

STEP 4 and 5



STEP 4: In the case of the IP65CR protection the seal of the motor flange **12** must be placed on the motor adapter housing **2**.

Mount the motor flange **4** onto the motor adapter housing **2** and tighten the screw of the motor flange **5**.

STEP 5: Place the coupling hub 2 **7** on the motor journal.

Ensure that the coupling hub 2 **7** and the motor journal are correctly aligned, see Figure 17. Tighten the screw of the coupling hub 2 **7** with the coupling tightening torque.



For the coupling tightening torque please refer to our catalogue UNIMOTION Electric cylinder PNCE.

Figure 18: Step 4 and 5.

STEP 6 and 7

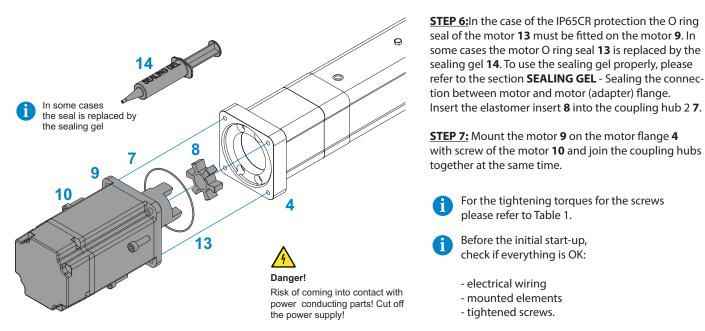


Figure 19: Step 6 and 7.

STEP 8 - DISMOUNTING

STEP 8: To dismount the motor adapter - VK, take precautions, such as turning off the power supply and prevent the piston rod from dropping, if it is in a vertical position.

To dismount the VK properly, look at the mounting procedure.

SEALING GEL

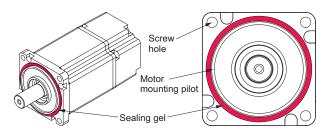


Figure 20: Sealing gel applied on the flange of the motor **9**.

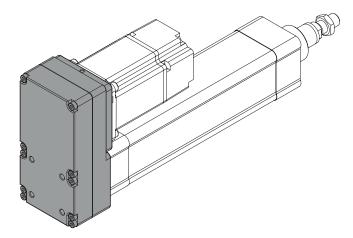
Sealing the connection between motor and motor (adapter) flange:

- Apply the sealing gel **14** to the cleaned flange of the motor **9** as it is presented on the Figure 20 (the gel must be applied continuously in a closed loop around the motor mounting pilot on surface that comes into the direct contact with motor (adapter) flange **4** (make sure that the screw hole are outside the sealing gel); it should be noted that surface shape may vary depending on the motor manufacturer, model and size).

- Apply the sealing gel **14** to the thread on the screws of the motor **10**.

- Clean the motor (adapter) flange **4** and follow with STEP 6 in the section **STEP 6 and 7**. Note: once the contact between the flange of the motor **9** and the motor (adapter) flange **4** is ensured, the sealing gel is activated after 30 min.

MOTOR SIDE DRIVE WITH TIMING BELT



The maximum speed and the maximum torque of the motor must not exceed the limits of the electric cylinder - PNCE and Motor side drive - MSD. For the values of the speed and torque, please see our catalogue UNIMOTION Electric cylinder PNCE.

The belt pretensioning frequency must not be exceeded!

It should be noted that the excessive pretensioning of the belt may result in breaking of the PNCE drive journal or the motor shaft!

Recommended tightening torques for screws of the self locking device

	M2,5	M3	M4	M5	M6	M8
M _{A, max} [Nm]	1,2	2,1	4,9	9,7	17	41

Table 4: Recommended tightening torques for screws of the self locking device.

Identification label of the motor side drive

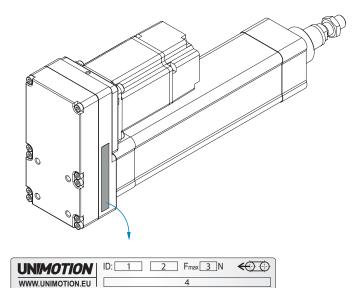
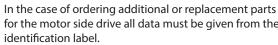


Figure 21: Identification label of the motor side drive.

- 1 ID number
- 2 Manufacturing date of the motor side drive
- 3 Maximum radial load on the shaft pretensioning load F_{max}* 4 - Type of the motor side drive
- (ordering code without motor dimensions)

* This is the load which is generated by the correct pretension of the belt - using the belt pretensioning frequency. This load, which is linearly dependent on the maximum drive torque M_{p. MSD}, needs to be reduced in accordance with the capabilities of the motor.



for the motor side drive all data must be given from the



1

The label must be fully visible and must ensure compliance with all the instructions contained on it. Damaged or illegible labels must be replaced.

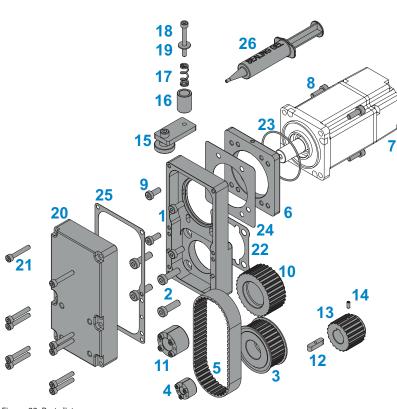
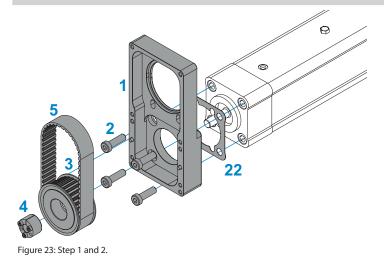


Figure 22: Parts list.

STEP 1 and 2



- 1 Motor side drive housing
- 2 Screw of the housing
- 3 PNCE belt pulley
- 4 Self locking device
- 5 Toothed belt
- 6 Tensioning plate
- 7 Motor
- 8 The motor screw
- 9 The tensioning plate screw
- 10 Motor belt pulley 11 - Self locking device
- 11- Sell locking dev
- 12 Keyway
- 13 Motor belt pulley
- 14 The keyway set screw
- 15 Clamping plate
- 16 Pretensioning limiter 17 - Spring
- 18 Pretensioning screw
- 19 Plain washer
- 20 MSD cap
- 21 The MSD cap screw
- 22 The PNCE seal
- 23 The motor O ring seal
- 24 The tensioning plate seal
- 25 The MSD cap seal
- 26 Sealing gel

seals for the IP65CR protection

with clamping set

belt pretensioning

(useful only for the generation of

pretensioning load)

with keyway

unit

STEP 1: In the case of the IP65CR protection the seal of the PNCE **22** must be fitted on the drive cap of the PNCE .

The housing of the motor side drive **1** must be mounted and screwed (using **2**) on the drive cap of the electric cylinder - PNCE. The housing can be mounted in any way - UP, DOWN, RIGHT or LEFT.

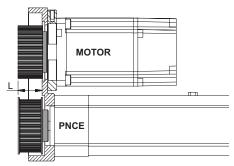
STEP 2: After the housing **1** has been mounted on the electric cylinder, the PNCE belt pulley **3** with the self locking device **4** and the toothed belt **5** must be fitted on the drive journal of the PNCE.

Adjust the clearance (pulley mounting distance L) as it is shown in Figure 24 and Table 5.

The self locking device **4** must be completely inserted into the bore of the PNCE belt pulley **3**. Tension the self locking device **4**.



Clearance (pulley mounting distance L) and belt pretensioning frequency



PNCE Туре T0 Τ1 **T1 T2 T**2 **T1** Gear ratio 1 1 1,5 1 1,5 1 1,5 1,5 2 2 1 Distance L [mm] 16,0 14,5 14,5 21,0 21.0 21,0 21,0 31,5 31,5 31,0 31,0 38,0 38,0 (± 0,7 mm) Belt pretensioning 190 210 215 225 235 250 185 190 215 225 155 155 215 frequency [Hz] (± 5 Hz)

Figure 24: Clearance (pulley mounting distance L).

PNCE		8	100				
Туре	T1		т	2	T1		
Gear ratio	1	2	1	2	1	2	
Distance L [mm] (± 0,7 mm)	38,0	38,0	59,0	59,0	59,0	59,0	
Belt pretensioning frequency [Hz] (± 5 Hz)	215	190	95	105	135	150	

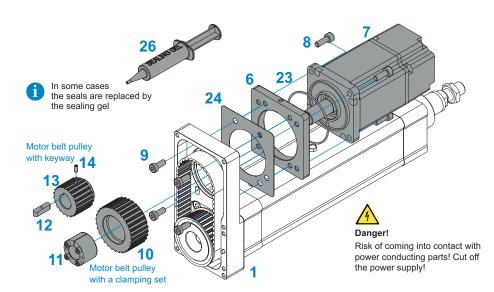
Table 5: Clearance (pulley mounting distance L) and belt

pretensioning frequency

Distance L is equal for both PNCE and the motor belt pulley.

For the tightening torques for the screws please refer to Table 1 and 4.

STEP 3, 4 and 5



STEP 3: In the case of IP65CR protection the O ring seal of the motor **23** must be fitted on motor **7**. In some cases the O ring seal **23** is replaced by the sealing gel **26**. To use the sealing gel properly, please refer to the section **SEALING GEL** - Sealing the connection between motor and tensioning plate. Mount the motor **7** onto the tensioning plate **6** and tighten the screws of the motor **8**.

STEP 4: Mount the tensioning plate together with the motor (and with the seal of the tensioning plate **24** in the case of the IP65CR protection - for the case of MSD PNCE 80 T2 and 100 T1 the tensioning plate seal **24** is replaced by the sealing gel **26**. To use the sealing gel properly, please refer to the section **SEALING GEL** - Sealing the connection between tensioning plate and housing of the MSD) onto the housing of the motor side drive **1** and lightly tighten the screws of the tensioning plate **9**. Make sure that the movement of the tensioning plate **6** is unrestricted.

STEP 5: When the tensioning plate is mounted onto the housing, mount the motor belt pulley **10** with the self locking device **11** onto the motor journal in the case of the motor belt pulley with a clamping set or mount the motor belt pulley **13** with the keyway **12** onto the motor journal in the case of the motor belt pulley with a keyway.

Adjust the clearance (pulley mounting distance L) as is shown in Table 5.

Tension the self locking device **11** (for tightening torques please refer to Table 4) in the case of the motor belt pulley with the clamping set or tighten the set screw of the keyway **14** in the case of the motor belt pulley with a keyway.

STEP 6, 7 and 8



Figure 25: Step 3, 4 and 5.

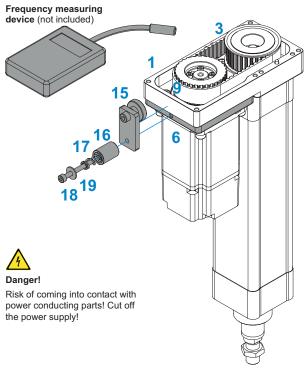


Figure 26: Step 6, 7 and 8.

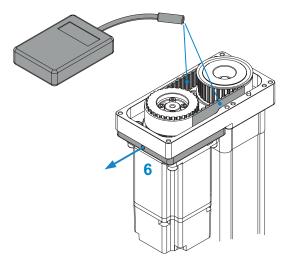


Figure 27: Belt pretensioning procedure.

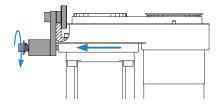


Figure 28: Mounting of the belt pretensioning unit.

STEP 6: Place the housing of the motor side drive (together with the PNCE and the motor) in a horizontal direction.

STEP 7: Belt pretensioning procedure

The belt pretensioning frequency must not be exceeded!

It should be noted that the excessive pretensioning of the belt may result in breaking of the PNCE drive journal or the motor shaft!

Pretension the belt with the belt pretensioning frequency. The belt pretensioning frequency must be adjusted using the suitable frequency measuring device and sufficiently applied pretensioning load on the tensioning plate **6** (see Table 5 and Figure 27).

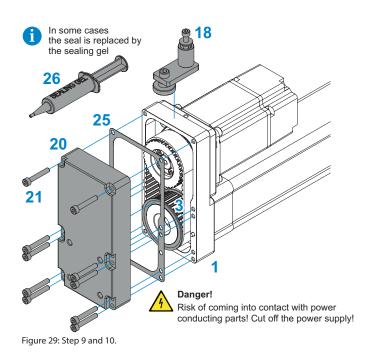
To generate the pretensioning load on the tensioning plate **6**, the belt pretensioning unit can be used. In this case, mount the clamping plate **15** onto the edge of the housing of the motor side drive **1**. Screw the pretensioning screw **18** with a plain washer **19** and spring **17** through the pretensioning limiter **16** and the clamping plate **15** into the tensioning plate **6**. To generate the pretensioning load adjust the pretensioning screw **18** carefully, see Figure 28.

STEP 8: After the belt pretensioning procedure tighten the screws of the tensioning plate **9**. Check the belt frequency at 0°, 90°, 180° and 270° angles of rotation of the PNCE belt pulley **3** at both sides of the MSD housing (Figure 27). If the maximum measured belt frequency exceeds the specified one (see Table 5), the belt pretension must be adjusted (repeat STEP 7).

For the tightening torques for the screws please refer to Table 1.



STEP 9 and 10



STEP 9: If the belt pretensioning unit was used, loosen the pretensioning screw **18** and remove the belt pretensioning unit. Slightly oil both flanges of the PNCE belt pulley **3** on the side where the belt is running on the pulley. Do not use the lubricant which cointains any solid parts!

STEP 10: In the case of IP65CR protection, the seal of the MSD cap **25** must be fitted on the housing of the motor side drive **1** - for the case of MSD PNCE 80 T2 and 100 T1 the MSD cap seal **25** is replaced by the sealing gel **26**. To use the sealing gel properly, please refer to the section **SEALING GEL** - Sealing the connection between housing and MSD cap.

Mount the MSD cap **20** on the housing of the motor side drive **1**. Tighten the screws of the MSD cap **21**.



Before the initial start-up, check if everything is OK:

- electrical wiring
- mounted elements
- tightened screws
- correct tensioning of the belt.

STEP 11 - DISMOUNTING

Take care when loosening the screws of the tensioning plate when the toothed belt is tensioned.

STEP 11: To dismount the motor side drive - MSD, take precautions, such as turning off the power supply and prevent the piston rod from dropping, if it is in a vertical position.

To dismount the MSD properly, look at the mounting procedure.

SEALING GEL

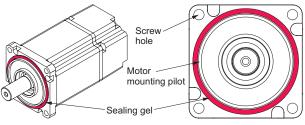


Figure 30: Sealing gel applied on the motor flange.

Sealing the connection between motor and tensioning plate:

- Apply the sealing gel **26** to the cleaned flange of the motor **7** as it is presented on the Figure 30 (the gel must be applied continuously in a closed loop around the motor mounting pilot on surface that comes into the direct contact with tensioning plate **6** (make sure that the screw hole are outside the sealing gel); it should be noted that surface shape may vary depending on the motor manufacturer, model and size).

- Apply the sealing gel **26** to the thread on the screws of the motor **8**.

- Clean the tensioning plate **6** and follow with STEP 3 in the section **STEP 3, 4 and 5**. Note: once the contact between the flange of the motor and the tensioning plate is ensured, the sealing gel is activated after 30 min.

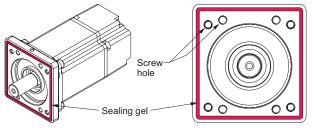


Figure 31: Sealing gel applied on the tensioning plate 6.

Sealing the connection between tensioning plate and housing of the MSD:

- Apply the sealing gel **26** to the cleaned tensioning plate **6** as it is presented on the Figure 31 (the gel must be applied continuously in a closed loop so the screw holes are inside the applied gel; it should be noted that surface shape may vary depending on the motor side drive size and type).

- Apply the sealing gel **26** to the thread on the screws of the tensioning plate **9**.

- Clean the motor side drive housing **1** and follow with STEP 4 in the section **STEP 3, 4 and 5**.

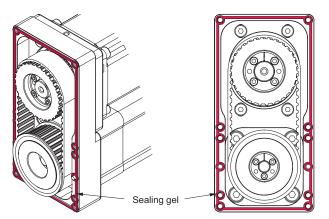


Figure 32: Sealing gel applied on the MSD housing **1**.

Sealing the connection between housing and MSD cap:

- Apply the sealing gel **26** to the cleaned housing of the motor side drive **1** as it is presented on the Figure 32 (the gel must be applied continuously in a closed loop on surface that comes into the direct contact with the MSD cap **20**. Sealing gel must be applied also around the holes of the MSD cap screws; it should be noted that surface shape may vary depending on the motor side drive size and type).

- Clean the MSD cap **20** and follow with STEP 10 in the section **STEP 9 and 10**. Note: once the contact between the housing and MSD cap is ensured, the sealing gel is activated after 30 min.

MAINTENANCE

1

For each electric cylinder the basic lubrication is done in the factory before shipment.

All the bearings have been lubricated for life and do not require any additional lubrication under normal operating conditions. Only the ball screw drive requires maintenance.

Lubrication of the ball screw drive

The ball screw drive lubrication is done via a lubricating nipple DIN 3405 D at the centre of the cylinder profile.

Lubricant

Recommended grease for the lubrication: Lubcon TURMOGREASE LC 802 EP (K HC P 2/3 N -30)



H)

For lubrication and re-lubrication of the electric cylinders a grease lubricant must only be used! Do not use grease which contains any solid parts!

Lubricant quantities and intervals

PNCE	Ball screw	Travel path	Grease - relubrication quantity
	d×l [mm]	[km]	[cm³]
32	12x5	250	0,6
32	12x10	500	0,6
	16x5	250	1,1
40	16x10	500	1,4
	16x16	800	1,8
	20x5	250	1,6
50	20x10	500	2,3
50	20x20	1000	3,4
	20x50	2500	5,0
	25x5	250	2,3
63	25x10	500	2,8
	25x25	1250	4,7
	32x5	250	3,1
	32x10	500	3,4
80	32x20	1000	3,9
	32x32	1600	6,3
	40x5	250	3,2
100	40x10	500	7,7
100	40x20	1000	9,1
	40x40	2000	12,5

Table 6: Lubricant quantities and intervals.

The stated lubrication intervals in the table on the left are sufficient for normal operating conditions. If you have special operating systems please contact us. The lubrication intervals are every 500 operating hours or after the specified travel path stated in the table on the left. It depends on which value is reached first.

Lubrication position

Lubrication nipple	PNCE	Ball screw	Lubrication nipple position (±0,2)	Piston rod position (±0,5)	LP (±0,5)
		d×l [mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]
	32	12×5, 12×0	Abs. stroke / 2 + 38,0	Abs. stroke / 2 - 9,0	Abs. stroke / 2 + E - 1,0
	40	16×5, 16×10, 16×16	Abs. stroke / 2 + 42,0	Abs. stroke / 2 - 10,5	Abs. stroke / 2 + E - 0,5
	50	20×5, 20×10, 20×20		Abs. stroke / 2 - 22,0	Abs. stroke / 2+ E - 10,0
LP Piston rod position		20×50	Abs. stroke / 2 + 53,5	Abs. stroke / 2 - 5,0	Abs. stroke / 2 + E + 7,0
E Extended piston rod [mm]		25×5, 25×10		Abs. stroke / 2 - 13,5	Abs. stroke / 2 + E - 1,5
	63	25×25	Abs. stroke / 2 + 47,5	Abs. stroke / 2 - 4,0	Abs. stroke / 2 + E + 8,0
Figure 33: Lubrication position.	80	32x5, 32x10, 32x20, 32x32	Abs. stroke / 2 + 62,0	Abs. stroke / 2 - 27,0	Abs. stroke / 2 + E - 12,0
		40x5, 40x10, 40x20	Abs. stroke / 2 + 70,0	Abs. stroke / 2 - 20,0	Abs. stroke / 2 + E - 3,0
		40x40	Abs. stroke / 2 + 77,5	Abs. stroke / 2 - 27,5	Abs. stroke / 2 + E - 10,5
	Table 7	ubrication position			

Table 7: Lubrication position.

The lubrication nipple on the aluminum profile of the electric cylinder allows easy re-lubrication of the ball screw drive. To achieve the lubrication position the piston rod must be moved from the end position into the position (Piston rod position) shown in the table above. The same position is achieved when the distance LP is obtained.

Apply grease to the ball screw drive using the lubrication nipple. Make sure that the entire quantity of grease is used at once. Move the piston rod three times over the entire travel range after the lubrication process.

Normal operating conditions

Temperature	+10°C ~ +30°C
Load	≤ 0,2 C
n (RPM)	$100 \text{ min}^{-1} \le n \le 2500 \text{ min}^{-1}$
Stroke	> minimum stroke s _{min}
Version	Standard (S)

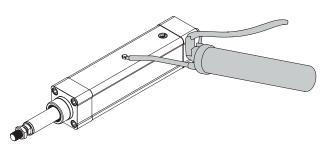


Figure 34: Lubrication of the ball screw drive.

Cleaning of the electric cylinder

Use only fresh water for cleaning the product, otherwise please contact us.

During the cleaning procedure the water must be prevented from getting into the electric cylinder.

START-UP

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- Before the initial start-up, check if everything is OK:
- electrical wiring
- mounted elements
- tightened screws
 - correct tensioning of the belt
 - limit switches
- operating conditions (see section **Operating conditions**)
- travel range of the piston rod

For the values of the maximum permissible axial load, lateral load, drive torque, travel and rotational speed and acceleration please see our catalogue UNIMOTION Electric cylinder PNCE.

Overloading the electric cylinder can lead to the product being damaged.

Before any operation, possible damage to the product and injuries caused by the electrical current or moving parts must be prevented.

When running the electric cylinder for the first time, move the piston rod at a slow speed (~ 10 mm/sec) over the entire travel range. Make sure that over the entire travel range there are no physical stop limits.

ASSEMBLY OF THE PNCE - OVERVIEW

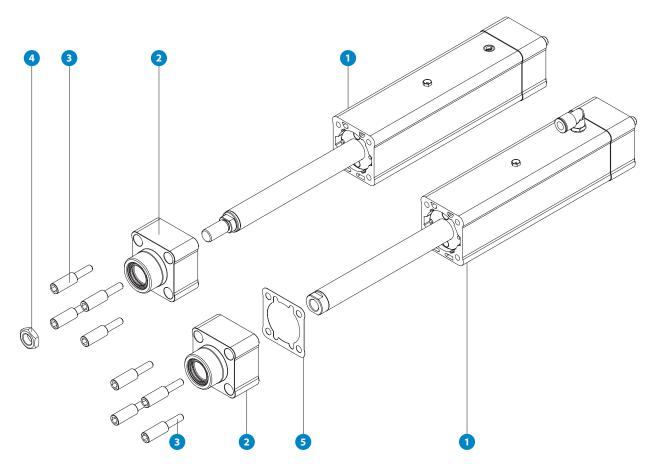


Figure 35: Assembly of the PNCE.

ITEM	QTY	PART NAME
1	1	PNCE main assembly
2	1	Front cap assembly
3	1	Set of four screws of the front cap
4	1	Hex nut
5	1	Seal of the PNCE

1

In case of ordering additional or replacement parts for the electric cylinder all data must be given from the identification label.



REPLACEMENT OF THE ASSEMBLIES



Before any operation make sure that the electric cylinder is disconnected from the power grid to prevent possible injuries caused by the electrical current or moving parts.



UNMOTION 25

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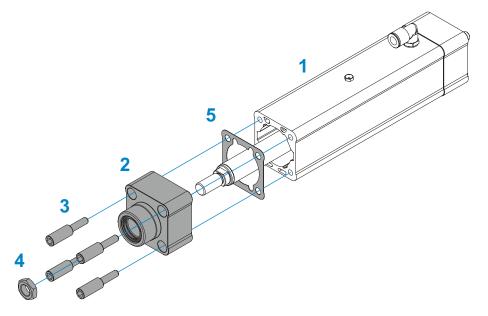
Before replacing the assemblies of the PNCE, the mounting accessories together with the MSD or VK, must be removed first. For dismounting please see section Mounting.

Replacing the front cap assembly

STEP 1: In case of PNCE with option 1 = standard (see ordering code), the hex nut **4** must be removed.

STEP 2: Loosen all four screws of the front cap **3** and remove them.

STEP 3: Remove the front cap assembly **2**.

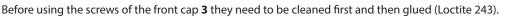


STEP 4: In the case of IP65 protection check if the seal of the PNCE 5, which is placed between the cylinder profile and the front cap, is damaged. If so, the seal of the PNCE 5 must be replaced with a new one.

It is recommended to replace the seal of the PNCE 5 with the new one when replacing the front cap assembly 2 to ensure optimal sealing.

STEP 5: Replace the front cap assembly **2** with the new one and push it on the piston rod to reach the cylinder profile.

STEP 6: Extend the piston rod to the end position. Mount the front cap assembly 2 on the PNCE main assembly 1. Align the front cap assembly 2 with the PNCE main assembly 1 before tightening the screws of the front cap 3. In case of damage to the screws of the front cap 3 they must be replaced with new ones.



STEP 7: In the case of a PNCE with option 1 = standard (see ordering code), the hex nut **4** needs to be placed back on the piston rod end.

Replacing the PNCE main assembly



Replacing the PNCE main assembly 1 follows the same replacement procedure as is described in the subsection Replacing the front cap assembly. Take into consideration that the only difference in this case is to replace the PNCE main assembly 1 with the new one.



Unimotion GmbH Waldstrasse 20 D - 78736 Epfendorf

Tel: +49 (0) 7404 930 85 60 Fax: +49 (0) 7404 930 85 61

www.unimotion.de e-mail: vertrieb@unimotion.de